

Organelle	Description	Function	Animal, Plant or Both
	Rigid, tough, made of cellulose	Protects and supports the cell	Plant
	Thin, covering, protects cells	Protects the cell, performs active transport and passive transport, moves materials in and out of the cell, communication	Both
	Jelly like substance that contains organelles	Pads and supports organelles inside the cell. Moves by cyclosis	Both
	Dense, ball shaped structure, contains DNA	Controls all of the cell's activities	Both
	Thin covering over the nucleus	Covers and protects the nucleus	Both
	Small dark area in the nucleus	Produces ribosome's	Both
	In the nucleus, made of DNA and protein, contains genes	Provides instructions for the cells activities, (growth, reproduction)	Both
	Clear, tubular system of tunnels throughout the cell	Transports materials like proteins around the cell	Both
	Small specks made of RNA. Found in cytoplasm or on the endoplasmic reticulum	Makes proteins	Both
	Location in the cytoplasm, bean shaped	Supplies energy or ATP for the cell through cell respiration using glucose and oxygen	Both
	Large open storage	Storage tank for food,	Both

	area, smaller in animal cells	water, wastes or enzymes	
	Green structures that contain chlorophyll	Captures sunlight and uses it to produce food through photosynthesis	Plant
	Small bags with tubes connecting them	Packages and secretes proteins for use in and out of the cell	Both
	Small, round structures, containing enzymes	Digests older cell parts, food or other objects	Both
	Small cylindrical	Used with the spindle apparatus during mitosis	Animal